2016年陕西省高等学校专升本招生考试

题号	I	11	字英牌	试题	VI	VII	总分	核分人
得分								

	Choose	a word	that	best	complete	es each	of	the	following	sentences
i	评學从po	nt=20poin	ts)							
1.	She has	managed to	obtain a	tempo	rary work		in Bri	tain.		
	A permit	B permi	ssion C pe	ermiss	iveness	D permi	ssibl	е		
2.	The foot	ball playe	cs need to	tal co	ncentratio	n during		•		
	Amatch	B game	C p1	ay	Dperfo	rm				
3.	Involved	l in a bribe	ry scanda	1, the	President	had to _		_hisre	esignation.	
	A do	B catch	Coffer	r	Dfind					
4.	When I g	o out in th	e evening	g I use	the bike $_$		_the	car if	I can.	
	A rathe	rthan (而)	下是, 宁	愿)	B regardl	ess of	C i	n spite	of Dother	than (除了)
5.	Some pla	nts are ver	У	to 1	ight; they	prefer	the sh	ade.		
	A sensil	ole Bf	lexible	Со	bjective	D sens	itive			
6.		et the chil								
	A in case	B so	that	C now	that	D only	if(F	目于句"	首,后接从年	可主位倒装)
7.									playing the p	oiano.
	A keep u				draw up					
8.			bear in	mind	that		decisi	ions o	ften result	in serious
	conseque		<i>A</i> 14 44 1	5		/) . HH <i>I.I.</i>		aul.t.t.		
		(紧急的,						初的)		
0		(敏捷的						\ 1 11		
9.		outer can b								
	A pay									41
							HITSU	. 10 <u>-</u>		the growing
ull.	ference bet	e B. re			_	_	2			
11	. The							noonlo		
11		ge B. co						heohre.		
19		_						rice to	o, if not more	evnensive
	n,			DO TUL	1 1801 a 101 2	are equa	т ти һ	1100 10	, II HOU HOIE	- ovhoust ac
0110		e B. oth		C the	a†	D the	nes			
19								much t	ime listenin	ng and heing
10	• COHVELS		ics weare.	T TIL 20	JOICUY UIIC	o sper	145 50	muon t	THE TIP CHILL	is and being

	A. as	B. which	C. that	D. wha	t	
	14.	for the timely	investment from	the general pu	blic, our comp	oany would not be
	so thriving as i	it is.				
	A. Had it	not been I	B. Were it not	C. Be it no	t D. Shou	ıld it not be
	15. Asia	by most e	experts to be the	cradle of huma	n civilizatior	1.
	A. has bee	en always conside	ered E	. has always be	een considered	
	C. always	has been consid	ered I). has been cons	sidered always	
	16. An old wo	oman was badly hu	urt in the	police describ	oe as an appar	ently motiveless
	attack.					
	A. that	B. what	C. whate	ever I	O. which	
	17. Paul Samu	uelson revolution	nized by p	oresenting his	students with	the most advanced
	economic t	thinking at an int	roductory level.			
	A. to teac	h economics		B. teaching tha	at economics is	5
	C. the tea	aching of economi	CS	D. economics	is taught	
	18. If you fin	nd this item too di	ifficult to	, it is advisa	ble to leave as	it is and move on
	to the next	t one.				
	A. work ou	ut B. wo	rk on C	. work for	D. work at	
	19. You and I	could hardly und	derstand,	?		
	A. could	we B. co	uldn't you	C. couldn't w	e D. could I	
	20. There was	an accident	the crossroad	s at midnight 1	ast night.	
	A. in	B. or	1	C. at	D. by	
<u>II</u> .	Fill in the	blank in eachs	sentence withth	ne best word f	rom the box b	elow, changing its
得分	m whi ện逝 ekçess	ary: (17*1poin	it=17points)			
test	ify to	rehearsal	demolish	elusive	evoke	capital
in s	search for	disillusioned	exotic	legiti mate	rike	implant
nove	elty	embark on	in bulk 成批	也 nel	oulous	pseudonym
1.	Refere gaing t	o the job intervi	ow the applican	t hic	procontation i	n his room
1. 2.		o the job intervi				11 1112 100111
2. 3.		the coastal city				
		g dark and we wen				
4.	_	_	-		_	inflation, but they
5		by his in				
5 .		ould not find a _				
6. 7		ty <u>f</u>				+1. :n
7.		re was much publi	crty about the r	novie, i person	arry round fre	tle <u>in</u>
0	the story line.		1 1	.1 : C .1	1 1.4	
8.		markets, goods o				
9.			kevolution,	ı nad only sor	11 <u>e</u>	memories because I
10	was very young			1 1	CW 1	T
10.		orn Clemens wrot				
11.		ts in North Americ				111aren.
12.	ine retired ed	ditor needed a lo	l OI	ιο start up a ne	w newspaper.	

13. Du	ring a s	storm at sea, the fis	hing boa <u>t</u>	_a huge rock and was	smashed into pieces.
		mall island, you can	see a lot of	<u>a</u> rchitecture bu	ilt by the colonists 50
	rs ago.	• •		1	
		rs' Monument in th dWorldWar.	e town centre alway	vs <u>pe</u> ople	e's bittermemories of
16. Th	e drizzi	le and mist made the d	listant lighthouse o	nsight.	
				people of the flood-st	ricken areas.
					ethe correct word for
		the three alterna		0 1	
	Man	cannot go on 1 hi	s numbers at the n	rosant rata. In tha	<u>2</u> 30 years man wi11
faco					lespread food 4. Other
					s <u>6</u> worse than they
					ernourished or starving
	110w. Du	it <u>1 </u>	tus of the people f	ii the world are unde	fillour islied of starvillg
now.	Ono	thing that man can do i	ic to limit 8 ofbal	nice horn. The need 0	this is obvious
hu+				oies born. The need _9_	
					n the countries of the
					t this <u>13 a</u> bigger
			es there will be son	meone in the family w	/110 W111 100K1 <u>4</u>
thein	in old a		15 binth control	1:.::	16 than and
Tonor					rears. <u>16</u> them are
					been <u>18</u> . Japan has
					People <u>19 to</u> limit 17.0 per year <u>20</u> .
unem	. 1am111 /				
	()1. A increasing	B to increase	C and increase	D with increasing
	()2. A second	B recent	Cnext	D late D All
	() 3. A Any	B Some	C More	
	()4. A need	Bwant	C absence	D shortage
	()5. A so	Bmuch	C too	D enough
	()6. A getting	B from getting	C to get	Dget
	()7. A remember	Bremembering	C to remember	D remembers
	()8. A an amount	B a number	C the amount	D the number
	(9. A for	Bin	Cof	D about
	() 10. A not easy	B no easy	C not easily	D no ease
	()11. A persuade	B be persuading	C be persuaded	D persuading
	()12.A bursting	B explosion	Craising	D extension
	()13. A takes	Bbrings	Cmakes	D earns
	() 14 . A upon	B for	C into	Dafter
	()15. A adjusted	B created	C adopted	D presented
	()16. A Of	B Among	C Between	D Out of
	()17. A exceptions	B examples	C events	D cases
	() 18. A success	B succeeded	C successful	D succeeding
	() 19. A were encoura	aged B encouraged	C are encouraged	D encourage

Rummaging through the fruit and veg section of my local supermarket, reading the country of origin labels, I am bewildered by the geography of it all. That the fruits of the earth should all be laid out on tidy shelves in this provincial corner of Britain would have been unthinkable a few years ago, yet now it is taken for granted.

Once strange and exotic fruits that only the rich could afford, if not now part of everyone's diet, are certainly part of our everyday shopping experience. So much so that instead of focusing on the novel, I am drawn to the commonplace. Here, among the "humble" vegetables, something strange and disturbing is going on.

V. Translate the following sentences into English: (10*3points=30points)

得分	评卷人

- 1. 女孩横穿马路时被汽车撞倒. (to knock over).
- 2. 这群年轻人听了这则笑话哄堂大笑. (toroar with).
- 3. 她很不善于见什么人说什么话. (to have no knack for).
- 4. 驾驶员违反交通规则,除了罚款之外,还有别的处罚办法吗?(alternative to)
- 5. 为了安全起见,车上每个人都必须系上安全带. (for the sake of).
- 6. 我们费了九牛二虎之力将门弄开. (to have ···job to do).

- 7. 这个沙发一拉开,就可变成床. (to convert into).
- 8. 成年人学习外语的困难之一是母语的干扰. (to interfere with).
- 9. 许多困在山洞里的人在救援队赶到之前就死了. (totrap).
- 10. 我突然明白他原来是想帮助我. (to dawn on).

VI. Reading Comprehension (38 points)

得分	评卷人

Passage 1

Clearly if we are to participle in the society in which we live we must communicate with other people. A great deal of communicating is performed on a person-to-person basis by the simple means of speech. If we travel in buses, buy things in shops, or eat in restaurants, we are likely to have conversations where we give information or opinions, receive news or comment, and very likely have our views challenged by other members of society.

Face-to-face contact is by no means the only form of communication and during the last two hundred years the art of mass communication has become of one of the dominating factors of contemporary society. Two things, above others, have caused the enormous growth of the communication industry. Firstly, inventiveness has led to advances in printing, telecommunications, photography, radio and television. Secondly, speed has revolutionized the transmission and reception of communications so that local news often takes a back seat to national news, which itself is often almost eclipsed by international news.

No longer is the possession of information confined to a privileged minority. In the last century the wealthy man with his own library was fortunate, but today there are public libraries. Forty years ago people used to flock to the cinema, but now far more people sit at home and turn on the TV to watch a programme that is being channeled into millions of homes.

Communication is no longer merely concerned with the transmission of information. The modern communication industry influences the way people live in society and broadens their horizons by allowing access to information, education and entertainment. The printing, broadcasting and advertising industries are all involved with informing, educating and entertaining.

Although a great deal of the material communicated by the mass media is very valuable to the individual and to the society of which he is a part, the vast modern network of communications is open to abuse. However, the mass media are with us for better, for worse, and there is no turning back.

1.	In the	first	paragraph	the write	emphasizes	the	of	face-to-	-facecontact	in	socia
	settings	•									

A nature B limitation C usefulness D creativity

- 2. It is implied in the passage that
 - A local news used to be the only source of information
 - B local news still takes a significant place
 - C national news is becoming more popular
 - D international news is the fastest transmitted news
- 3. which of the following statement is INCORRECT?
 - A To possess information used to be a privilege

- B Public libraries have replaced private libraries
- C Communication means more than transmission
- D Information influences ways of life and thinking
- 4. From the last paragraph we can infer that the writer is
 - A indifferent to the harmful influence of the mass media
 - B happy about the drastic changes in the mass media
 - C pessimistic about the future of the mass media
 - D concerned about the wrong use of the mass media

Passage 2

I am one of the many city people who are always saying that given the choice we would prefer to live in the country away from the dirt and noise of a large city. I have managed to convince myself that it weren't for my job I would immediately head out for the open spaces and go back to nature in some sleepy village buried in the country. But how realistic is the dream?

Cities can be frightening places. The majority of the population live in massive tower blocks, noisy, dirty and impersonal. The sense of belonging to a community tends to disappear when you live fifteen floors up. All you can see from your window is sky, or other blocks of flats. Children become aggressive and nervous —cooped up at home all day, with nowhere to play; their mothers feel isolated from the rest of the world. Strangely enough whereas in the past the inhabitants of one street all knew each other, nowadays people on the same floor in tower blocks don't even say hello to each other.

Country life, on the other hand, differs from this kind of isolated existence in that a sense of community generally binds the inhabitants of small villages together. People have the advantage of knowing that there is always someone to turn to when they need help. But country life has disadvantages too. While it is true that you may be among friends in a village, it is also true that you are cut off from the existing and important events that take place in cities. There' slittle possibility of going to a new show or the latest movie. Shopping becomes a major problem, and for anything slightly out of the ordinary you have to go on and expedition to the nearest large town. The city-dweller who leaves for the country is often oppressed by a sense of unbearable stillness and quiet.

What, then, is the answer? The country has the advantage of peace and quiet, but suffers from the disadvantage of being cut off; the city breeds a feeling of isolation, and constant noise batters the senses. But one of its main advantages is that you are at the center of things, and that life doesn't come to an end at half-past nine at night. Some people have found (or rather bought) a compromise between the two; they have expressed their preference for the "quiet life" by leaving the suburbs and moving to villages within commuting distance of large cities. They generally have about as much sensitivity as the plastic flowers they leave behind—they are polluted with strange ideas about change and improvement which they force on to the unwilling original inhabitants of the villages.

What then of my dreams of leaning on a cottage gate and murmuring "morning" to the locals as they pass by? I'm keen on the idea, but you see there's my cat, Toby, I'm not at all sure that he would take to all that fresh air and exercise in the long grass, I mean, can you see him mixing with all those hearty males down the farm? No, he would rather have the electric imitation—coal fire any evening.

5. We get the impression from the first paragraph that the autho

A used to live in the country B used to work in the city

C works in the city D lives in the country

6. In the author's opinion, the following may cause city people to be unhappy EXCEPT

A a strong sense of fear B lack of communication

C housing conditions D a sense of isolation

7. The passage implies that it is easy to buy the following things in the country EXCEPT C

A daily necessities B fresh fruits

C designer clothes D fresh vegetables

8. According to the passage, which of the following adjectives best describes those people who work in large cities and live in villages?

A Original B Quiet C Arrogant D Insensitive

9. Do you think the author will move to the country?

A Yes, he will do so B No, he will not do so

C It is difficult to tell D He is in two minds

Passage 3

Ideas about education are changing in the United States. Education today is not just a high school diploma or a college degree. Many adults are not interested in going to college. They are interested in other kinds of learning. For them, learning does not end with a diploma.

Continuing education gives these adults the opportunity to increase their knowledge about their own field or to learn about a new field. It also gives them a chance to improve their old skills or to learn new ones.

Scientists, mechanics and barbers can take classes to improve their work skills. If they know more or learn more, they can get a better job or earn more money.

Continuing education classes give more adults the chances to learn new skills. There is usually a large variety of classes to choose from: typing, foreign cooking, photography, auto repair, furniture repair, or swimming. These are only some of the classes available.

Some adults take classes for fun or because the class will be useful for them. Other adults take continuing education classes to improve their own lives because they want to feel better about themselves.

Almost any community college or public school system has a continuing education program. There are classes in schools, community buildings or churches. Most classes are in the evening, so working people can attend. The classes are usually small, and they are inexpensive.

- 10. The new idea about education in the U.S. is that
 - A. everyone should get a college degree
 - B. It's no use for adults to go to college
 - C. a high school diploma is the end of education
 - D. adults should go on learning after graduating from school
- 11. What's the purpose for adults to continue their education?
 - A. Enlarge their knowledge and learn new skills.
 - B. Catch up the opportunity to get a higher degree.
 - C. Learn more basic knowledge to get a diploma.
 - D. Make themselves live a more comfortable life.
- 12. Which of the following statement is true?
 - A. There are only a few continuing education classes available for adults.

- B. Only those who want to get more money should go on with their education. C. People take continuing education can get a good job. D. All the people getting continuing education can get a good job. 13. Usually, the continuing education program is given
 - A. in a small size and expensively
 - B. only for working people
 - C. only in community buildings or churches
 - D. by community colleges and public schools
- 14. The best title for the passage would be . . .
 - A. Continuing Education Classes
 - B. The Importance of a College Degree
 - C. A Good Way to Earn More Money
 - D. Difference Choices for Adults

Passage 4

Human cloning technology could be used to reverse heart attacks. Scientists believe that they may be able to treat heart attack victims by cloning their healthy heart cells and injecting them into the areas of the heart that have been damaged, and other problems may be solved if human cloning and its technology are not forbidden.

With cloning, infertile couples could have children. Current treatments for infertility, in terms of percentages, are not very successfully. Couples go through physically and emotionally painful procedures for a small chance of having children. Many couples run out of time and money without successfully having children. Human cloning could make it possible for many more infertile couples to have children than ever before.

We should be able to clone the bone marrow for children and adults suffering from leukemia(白血病).This is expected to be one of the first benefits to come from cloning technology.

We may learn how to switch cells on and off through cloning and thus be able to cure cancer.

Cloning technology can be used to test for and perhaps cure gene-related diseases.

The above is just a few examples of what human cloning technology can do for mankind.

lh1	s new technology promises unprecedented advancement in medicine if people will release their
fea:	rs and let the benefits begin.
15.	Heart attacks can be treated with human cloning technology by
	A removing the damaged part of the heart
	B replacing the old heart with a cloned one
	C repairing the heart with cells cloned from healthy ones
	D giving the patients injections of various medicines
16.	The word "infertile" (Line 1, Para. 2) most probably means "".
	A unable to give birth to a child
	B with physical and emotional problems
	C short of time and money
	D separated from each other for long
17.	According to the passage, one of the first expected benefits from cloning technology may be in
	·
	A the treatment of heart attacks

- B the bearing of babies
- C the cure of blood diseases
- D the detection of gene-related diseases
- 18. Cancer may be cured with the cloning technology by . .
 - A attacking the diseased cells with healthy ones
 - B controlling the growth of the cells
 - C detecting disordered genes in the cancel cells
 - D activating cancer cells by switching them on
- 19. According to the writer, the main problem with the development of human cloning technology is that
 - A it may be out of human control
 - B it has brought about few benefits so far
 - C people still know little about it
 - D people are afraid of such technology

VII. Writing (15 points)

得分	评卷人

Write on ANSWER SHEET a composition of about 200 words on the following topic:

THE IMPORTANCE OF KEEPING A GOOD MOOD

You are to write in three parts.

In the first part, state specifically what your view is.

In the second part, support your view with one or two reasons.

In the last part, bring what you have written to a natural conclusion or a summary.

Marks will be awarded for content, organization, grammar and appropriacy. Failure to follow the instructions may result in a loss of marks.

二〇一一年陕西省高等学校专升本招生考试 B

를	
分	
cti	ion: All the Questions should be done on the Answer Sheet.
	Choose a word that best completes each of the following sentences:
3	评卷 人 nt=20points)
1.	The driver thinks accidents only happen to other people.
0	A. average B. common C. usual D. normal
	Even if they are on sale, these refrigerators are equal in price to, if not more expensive than,
	at the other store.
2	A. the one B. others C. that D. the ones Convergation becomes weaker in society that grands so much time listening and being
	Conversation becomes weaker in society that spends so much time listening and being ked to it has all but lost the will and the skill to speak for itself.
tair	
4.	A. as B. which C. that D. what for the timely investment from the general public, our company would not
_	so thriving as it is.
	A. Had it not been B. Were it not C. Be it not D. Should it not be
5.	Asia by most experts to be the cradle of human civilization.
	A. has been always considered B. has always been considered
	C. always has been considered D. has been considered always
6.	An old woman was badly hurt in the police describe as an apparently motiveless
	attack.
	A. that B. what C. whatever D. which
7.	Paul Samuelson revolutionized by presenting his students with the most advanced
	economic thinking at an introductory level.
	A. to teach economics B. teaching that economics is
	C. the teaching of economics D. economics is taught
8.	If you find this item too difficult to, it is advisable to leave as it is and move on to
	the next one.
	A. work out B. work on C. work for D. work at
9.	You and I could hardly understand,?
	A. could we B. couldn't you C. couldn't we D. could I
10.	. There was an accident the crossroads at midnight last night.
	A. in B. on C. at D. by

A permit B permission C permissiveness D permissible