

考试

(全国卷) 2021 届高三英语下学期考前猜题卷 3 (含解析)

第一部分：听力

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。

每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What will the woman probably do?

A. Do the laundry. B. Iron a shirt. C. Make a coffee.

【答案】B

【原文】

M: Could you please help me iron my shirt, honey?

W: Oh, no! I just did your laundry. But if you make me a cup of coffee, I'll do you the favor.

M: It's a deal.

2. How does the woman practise her English?

A. By talking to natives.

B. By viewing the websites.

C. By going to the English Corner.

【答案】B

【原文】

M: How do you practice your English?

W: I usually look at English language websites every day.

M: Have you ever considered going to the English Corner?

W: Yeah, I have. And I hope to speak to native speakers someday.

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3. When does the conversation probably take place?

A. In the evening. B. In the afternoon. C. In the morning

【答案】 A

【原文】

M: It got dark really fast. Can you turn on that lamp?

W: The bulb went out this morning. I need to replace it.

M: I' m going into town tomorrow afternoon. I ' ll get some then.

4. Why does the woman check the label on the shirt?

A. To see how to wash it.

B. To see what brand it is.

C. To see what it is made of.

【答案】 A

【原文】

W: Does the label on your shirt say what temperature it should be washed at?

M: No, it just has these symbols.

W: Those mean that it can only be washed by hand because of how it ' s made.

Don ' t put it in the washing machine. I ' ll do it later.

5. What ' s wrong with the woman?

A. She has lost her way.

B. She has lost her luggage.

C. She has lost her daughter.

【答案】 C

【原文】

M: What ' s the trouble, madam?

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W: I... I can ' t find my daughter. I put my luggage down over there and when I came back, she was gone.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

6. What makes the man ' s mother unhappy?

A. The e-invitations.

B. The old pictures.

C. The tickets to Texas.

7. What does the woman remind the man to do?

A. Book the plane ticket. B. Save some money. C. Check the booking.

【答案】6. A 7. C

【原文】

W: Hey! Ask your mom for more old pictures, OK?

M: Can ' t it wait? She ' s still angry that we sent wedding invitations.

W: But we saved your parents so much money ...

M: I know. And they ' re spending enough on the plane tickets to Texas!

W: Speaking of plane tickets, don ' t forget to check on the reservations!

M: OK.

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

8. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. A building.B. A designer.C. A picture.

9. Which subject does the woman like best?

A. Music.B. History.C. Math.

【答案】8. C 9. A

【原文】

W: You know, I ' ve never seen the pictures you took of New York.

M: No? Didn ' t I show them to you after I got back? Well, I have them with me.

Look at this one.

W: Fantastic. Where was this taken?

M: From the top of the World Trade Center. Did you know the Statue of Liberty was designed by a Frenchman?

W: Uh-huh. Bartholdi. It was given to the United States by France on the 100th birthday of the U.S. independence.

M: You know a lot about history.

W: History is my favorite subject — after music, that is!

M: Oh, I thought you like math best! Well, let ' s look at another one.

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

10. What is the woman dissatisfied with about the island?

A. The food.B. The beach.C. The hotel.

11. What do we know about the woman?

A. She lost her way several times.

B. She met some unfriendly locals.

C. She missed home-cooked meals.

12. What does the woman suggest the man do in the end?

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A. Visit the churches.

B. Taste the local food.

C. Go to the island of Gozo.

【答案】 10. B 11. A 12. C

【原文】

M: Hi, Maggie. I haven't seen you for a long time. Did you do anything nice over the summer?

W: Bruce and I went on an amazing vacation to Malta, which is a small island in the Mediterranean.

M: Sounds great!

W: Our hotel was only a short distance from the beach. The beach itself, which was small, was not good enough for swimming. However, the boats at the harbor were brightly painted and they were really beautiful. The home-cooked food was fresh and absolutely delicious.

M: You're making me hungry!

W: We also explored the whole island, which was full of honey-colored buildings. The capital city, Valletta, has a lot of beautiful churches. We got lost a couple of times, but the friendly locals helped us.

M: Mmm... that was nice! I think I'll go there next summer.

W: Well, if you do, you must visit the small island of Gozo.

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。

13. What does the woman think about attending trainings at weekends?

A. Unnecessary. B. Essential. C. Unreasonable.

14. What are the trainings mainly for?

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A. Skill learning. B. Cultural awareness. C. Teamwork improvement.

15. What benefit will a one-year employee receive?

A. A salary increase. B. A seven-day holiday. C. A possible promotion.

16. What is the conversation mainly about?

A. Many rules. B. Salary standards. C. Job trainings.

【答案】 13. C 14. C 15. B 16. A

【原文】

W: Tony, I'm a new er here. What do you think I should know before starting the work?

M: As a new member, you must attend trainings in the first few weekends.

W: To be honest, I don't think it is fair.

M: But you have to.

W: Ok, then. What are the trainings for? To get us familiar with the culture here or to learn skills?

M: Both, to some degree. But they mainly aim to encourage teamwork.

W: How about the salary? Actually, I'm more interested in this.

M: All new members are likely to ask the same question. Our pany has a strict salary standard. Benefits depend upon the employee's performance. After you've been here for a year, you qualify for a one-week vacation. For two years, an increase in salary as well as a chance to be promoted.

W: Wow, thank you for telling me. Anything else I should know?

M: Remember to report work to the manager every month.

W: I've got it. Thank you.

听下面一段独白，回答以下小题。

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17. What is the disadvantage of the conference room on the second floor?

A. It has no natural light.

B. It lacks equipment.

C. It is not big enough.

18. Which floor is the break room on?

A. The basement floor. B. The first floor. C. The third floor.

19. Who will prepare the identification for guests?

A. Tanya. B. Mario. C. Eric.

20. Which group will be the first to present?

A. The Paris group. B. The London group. C. The New York group.

【答案】 17. C 18. B 19. B 20. A

【原文】

M: So, just to talk you all quickly through the arrangements of the event on March 10th, we'll be using the large conference room downstairs, on the basement floor. I know some of you raise concerns about the fact that there's no natural light in the room and we did consider the conference room on the second floor or the one on the third floor, but they're just not spacious enough. And we decided to use the small conference room on the first floor as the break room. Tanya has got in touch with all our guests to find out any dietary requirements for lunch, and we've got the final list of guests, so Mario will have the identification ready for everyone.

Obviously, the room is not properly setup for the event yet and we can't set it up until the day before because it's being used for another event on the 8th, but Eric and I have agreed to be in earlier on the 9th to take care of it. Oh,

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before I forget: there ' s a mistake in the program. The Paris group will be presenting first, not the London group. And the New York group will be the third one. What else? I ...

第二部分阅读理解(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节(共 15 个小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题纸上将该项涂黑。

A

Holiday Celebrations Throughout Orlando

It's time again for our best free holiday events in Orlando! This year we could all use a little extra holiday cheer. Thankfully, despite some changes, there are still lots of free holiday events in Orlando and throughout Central Florida.

游行)

December 5,2020, starts at 9: 00 a.m.

Central Park on Park Avenue, Winter Park

The Winter Park Chamber of merce is proud to host the 68th annual Winter Park Ye Olde Hometown Christmas Parade. The event has been held each December for more than 60years, making it the oldest continuous holiday parade in Central Florida. Reserved spaces for the live event are full, but the parade will be streamed live via Facebook.

20th Annual Christmas Parade

December 5, 2020, starts at 10;00 a.m.

Downtown Mount Dora

Enjoy this annual parade through the streets of downtown Mount Dora.

Pets are notallowed.

Winter at Lake Eola Park

December 12, 2020, 5:00 p.m.-10:00 p.m.

Lake Eola Park

There is an annual tree-lighting, announcement of holiday art contest winners and, of course, Santa Claus at Lake Eola Park. Masks and social distance are among the safety measures to be in place.

9th Christmas Light Ride

December 12,2020,7:00 p.m.

Retro City Cycles, Orlando

Ride through Ivanhoe Village and College Park to take in the great light displays. Ride starts at Retro City Cycles and will be about 6 miles at a casual pace; all bikes are welcome! Don't forget to decorate your bike !

21. What do we know about the event in Winter Park?

A. It enjoys a long history.B. It has lost its popularity.

C. It is hosted by Facebook.D. It requires reservations online.

22. Which of the following places will probably attract the most artists?

A. Winter Park.B. Downtown Mount Dora.

C. Lake Eola Park.D. Ivanhoe Village.

23. What must you do to take part in the 9th Christmas Light Ride?

A. Wear face masks.

B. Keep social distance.

C. Make your bike more beautiful.

D. Arrive at Ivanhoe Village before 7 :00 a.m.

【答案】 21. A 22. C 23. C

21. 细节理解题。根据 _____ 中的 “The Winter Park Chamber of merce is proud to host the 68th annual Winter Park Ye Olde Hometown Christmas Parade. The event has been held each December for more than 60years, making it the oldest continuous holiday parade in Central Florida.(冬季公园商会很荣幸举办第 68 届 Winter Park Ye Olde Hometown 圣诞游行。60 多年来，每年 12 月都会举行这一节日游行，是佛罗里达中部最古老的连续节日游行。)” 可知，该活动迄今有着举办 68 届的悠久历史。故选 A。

22. 推理判断题。根据 Winter at Lake Eola Park 中的 “There is an annual tree-lighting, announcement of holiday art contest winners and, of course, Santa Claus at Lake Eola Park.(这里有一年一度的圣诞树照明，节日艺术比赛获胜者的公告，当然还有 Eola 湖公园的圣诞老人。)” 可知，该活动有一个宣布节日艺术比赛的获奖者的环节。因此举办该活动的 Lake Eola Park 可以吸引最多的艺术家。故选 C。

23. 细节理解题。根据文章结尾处 “Don't forget to decorate your bike!(别忘了装饰你的自行车!)” 可知，这个骑行活动要求参赛者对自己的自行车提前进行装饰。故选 C。

B

The spot of red was what first caught Randy Heiss's attention on December 16. He was biking on his ranch in Patagonia, Arizona, a town near the U. S. -Mexico border. Heiss walked toward it, and found on the grassland was a broken balloon with its string attached to a piece of paper.

“Dayami, ” it read on one side, in a child's writing. It was a Christmas wish list, all in Spanish He suspected that a child had tried to send Santa Claus a Christmas wish list by balloon, something he used to do himself when he was a

It would be difficult, but based on the prevailing wind, Heiss was pretty sure where it came from —just across the border, the city of Nogales, Mexico.

Heiss then posted about his quest on Facebook, attaching photos, hoping his friends in Nogales might know the girl's family.

A few days passed with no leads. Heiss worried that time was running out before Christmas. On December 19, he sent a private Facebook message to Radio XENY, a radio station based in Nogales. The next morning, Heiss awoke to a message from Radio XENY: They had located Dayami, an eight-year-old girl, and her family, who indeed lived in Nogales. “It just changed my entire day.” said Heiss. Having bought just about everything on Dayami's list and a few other toys, as they had learned that Dayami had a younger sister, Heiss and his wife, at the Radio XENY, met the family.

“Their eyes were wide open with wonder.” Heiss said of the two sisters' reactions. “Like, ‘Oh my gosh, this really did work!’”

Not wanting to disappoint the girls who still believed in Santa Claus, Heiss and his wife told them they were “Santa's helpers”.

“It was a beautiful and healing experience for us...” Heiss said, “Since our only son died ten years ago, being around children at Christmas time has been absent in our lives.” Heiss said. “We now have friends for life. And, for a day, that border fence with its wire melted away.”

24. What did Heiss find when hiking on his ranch.

- A. A Christmas wish list from a child
- B. A mass of grassland.
- C. A letter addressed to him.
- D. A beautiful red balloon.

26. Why did Heiss manage to find Dayami?

A. He wanted to make up for his lost son.

B. He wanted to make friends with Dayami.

C. He wanted to realize his childhood dream.

D. He didn't want to spoil Santa Claus for the girls.

27. What message does the text intend to convey?

A. Love knows no borders. B. A bold attempt is half success.

C. God helps those who help themselves. D. Nothing is impossible to a willing heart.

【答案】24. A 25. B 26. D 27. A

【解析】这是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了 Heiss 在牧场中偶然拾到了一个邻国女孩的愿望清单，而后努力找到了这个女孩，并且帮其实现了圣诞愿望的暖心故事，向读者传达着爱不分国界。

24. 细节理解题。根据第一段中 “Heiss walked toward it, and found on the grassland was a broken balloon with its string attached to a piece of paper.”

(Heiss 朝它走去，发现草地上有一个断了的气球，绳子系在一 X 纸上。) 及第二段中 ““Dayami,” it read on one side, in a child's writing. It was a Christmas wish list, all in Spanish” (“Dayami,” 它的一面写着，是一个孩子的笔迹。这是一 X 圣诞愿望单，全是西班牙语) 可知，当 Heiss 在牧场里骑车时发现了一个破了的气球，气球里装着一个孩子用西班牙语写的圣诞节愿望清单，故选 A。

25. 词句猜测题。根据第四段中 “Heiss then posted about his quest on Facebook,

”

(然后, Heiss 在 Facebook 上发布了照片, 希望他在诺加利斯的朋友们可能认识女孩的家人); 和第五段中“Heiss worried that time was running out before Chirstmas.”

(Heiss 担心在圣诞节前时间不多了), 由此判断, 划线词所在的句子意思是几天过去了, 没有任何线索。lead 在此处指的是“线索”, 故选 B。

26. 细节理解题。根据倒数第二段中 “Not wanting to disappoint the girls who still believed in Santa Claus, Heiss and his wife told them they were “Santa's helpers ”.” (为了不让那些仍然相信圣诞老人的女孩们失望, Heiss 和他的妻子告诉她们, 他们是“圣诞老人的助手”) 可知, Heiss 设法找到了 Dayami 是因为他不想破坏了孩子们心中的圣诞老人, 故选 D。

27. 推理判断题。根据最后一段中 “Heiss said. “We now have friends for life. And, for a day, that border fence with its wire melted away. ”” (Heiss 说, “我们现在有了一生的朋友。有一天, 带着铁丝的边界围栏融化了) 可知, 爱是没有边界, 不分国界的, 故选 A。

C

Bioluminescence, unlike other sources of light (the sun, fire, light bulbs), which produce energy from heat, is defined as “the emission of light from living organisms (such as fireflies and bacteria) as the result of internal chemical reactions ” . It is one of the wonders of nature that just about any of us can witness.

While a few organisms can produce bioluminescent light outside of the oceans (think fireflies), most of the bioluminescence going on is in salt water.

In fact, the vast majority of bioluminescent organisms evolved in order to provide light in deep sea marine ecosystems —either to light up prey or as a

(捕食者) — far below sunlight's reach into the water

column.

Humans have been putting natural bioluminescence to work for a while —
19th century coal miners would trap fireflies (instead of open-flame candles or
lanterns that could cause explosion) in jars to light their way. But nowadays
researchers are hard at work synthesizing (合成) the chemical reactions behind
bioluminescence for a range of modern-day applications.

Using bioluminescence to help cure disease is a big focus of some
biomedical research panies, given the promise of using heat-free organic light
to detect metastasizing (转移的) cancer cells, stem cells, viruses or bacteria
within living tissue. The military also has big hopes for applying the chemical
reactions of bioluminescence to create light that won't cause the heat-seeking
sensory equipment of the enemy whether on land , at sea or in the sky. Some
other practical applications of bioluminescence include an effort to connect
genes from bioluminescent organisms into trees that would light up when the
sun sets.

While none of these “technologies ” is yet ready to be mainstream, it's
good to know that the future looks bright.

28. What exactly causes bioluminescence?

A. Heat energy. B. Chemical reaction.

C. Salt water. D. Living organism.

29. Why did miners use fireflies instead of lanterns in the 19th century to light
up?

A. To ensure safety. B. To seek for.

o provide convenience D. To save money

30. What may bioluminescence help to be used as?

- A. The heat-seeking sensory equipment
- B. A simple cure for all kinds of diseases.
- C. An all-natural alternative to street lights.
- D. An effective virus-killer within living tissues.

31. What is implied in the last paragraph?

- A. The good and bright future should be ours.
- B. Bioluminescence is widely used in our life.
- C. The technologies are good enough to apply.
- D. The search is on for the use of organic light sources.

【答案】28. B 29. A 30. C 31. D

【解析】这是一篇说明文。文章介绍了关于生物发光的研究以及其应用。

28. 细节理解题。根据第一段中“Bioluminescence, unlike other sources of light (the sun, fire, light bulbs), which produce energy from heat, is defined as “the emission of light from living organisms (such as fireflies and bacteria) as the result of internal chemical reactions”.” (与其他光源(太阳、火、灯泡)不同,生物发光是生物体(如萤火虫和细菌)内部化学反应产生的光发射)可知,化学反应导致了生物发光。故选 B。

29. 细节理解题。根据第三段中“19th century coal miners would trap fireflies (instead of open-flame candles or lanterns that could cause explosion) in jars to light their way.” (19世纪的煤矿工人们用罐子诱捕萤火虫(而不是可能导致爆炸的明火蜡烛或灯笼)来照亮他们的道路。)可知,用萤火虫不会发生爆炸,保证安全。故选 A。

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30. 细节理解题。根据第四段中 “Some other practical applications of bioluminescence include an effort to connect genes from bioluminescent organisms into trees that would light up when the sun sets.” (生物发光的其他一些实际应用包括努力将生物发光生物体的基因与树木连接起来, 这样当太阳落山时, 它们就能发光。) 可知, 将生物发光运用在树中, 当太阳落山后, 树木可以发光代替路灯使用。故选 C。

31. 推理判断题。根据最后一段 “While none of these “technologies” is yet ready to be mainstream, it's good to know that the future looks bright.” (虽然这些“技术”还没有准备好成为主流, 但很高兴看到未来是光明的。) 可知, 生物发光的研究正在进行中。故选 D。

D

A number of people hold an optimistic attitude toward artificial intelligence's ability to reshape education nowadays. However, many feel such claims are overblown.

Kentaro Toyama, a professor at the University of Michigan School of Information, is one of those doubtful about the idea of using AI in the classroom.

Toyama mentioned a situation he encountered while working in an after-school program in digital literacy (数字技术素养). He said, “In trying to teach students to use technology, the greatest difficulty is the technology “very quickly find the most fun games they could find on the puter and start playing them” . That reveals the problem with putting too much faith in AI for teaching. “There

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Toyama once surveyed a large group of people about their preference for the following educational situations: a school with no teachers but powerful AI, one with bad teachers but strong puters, one with good teachers but no puters, or one with great teachers and many puters. The result showed that nobody would send their children to a school with powerful AI but no teachers, or one with bad teachers but strong puters. Toyama concluded, teachers are

Toyama is also concerned that AI and technology may widen the gap schools, well-resourced schools will find the best ways to use technology. But if you're in a school district that is underfunded and parents are not involved, it doesn't make a difference how good the technology is, and it will not turn that

When asked when schools should adopt AI, Toyama suggested that they should wait until the basics are in place, teachers want it, and the technology is proved to have positive educational values.

A. AI.B. Faith.C. Teaching.D. puter.

33. Why does the author mention the survey in Paragraph 4?

A. To emphasize the key factor in education.

B. To remend his favorite school for parents.

C. To pare the differences between AI and teachers.

D. To prove that preference for schools varies among people.

34. Which of the following statements will Toyama probably agree with?

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