Analysis of the Sixth Unit

Teaching materials analysis:

本单元围绕 nature park 展开话题,在教材创设的一个自然公园的真实情景中引出几组情境对话和一个趣味故事。学生在第五单元已经初步学习了 there be 句型的用法,本单元重点学习用 there be 句型的一般疑问句询问并应答,要求学生在掌握四会单词和句子的基础上能对周围的自然景观进行简单描述、询问并作答。能对风景图片进行简单讨论并看图写话等。学生在学习本单元的过程中容易混淆 there be 句型的陈述句和一般疑问句,教师在课堂上要注意指出它们的不同之处。另外要重点区分 Is there...?和 Are there...?以及它们的答语。提醒学生 Are there....句型中应该用名词复数,教师在课堂上多让学生进行口头描述。

Teaching objectives:

- 1. 掌握 A、B 部分 "Let's learn", "Let's talk" 中的词汇和句子。
- 2. 能用句型 "Are / Is there ····?" 和 "Yes, there are / is. No, there aren't / isn't." 进行问答练习。
 - 3. 掌握双元音/au/在单词中的发音,进一步学习音标知识。
 - 4. 能读懂 "Story time" 部分的趣味故事。
 - 5. 能听懂、会唱歌曲"In a nature park"。
 - 6. 复习元音字母在单词中的发音,培养学生对英语单词发音的语感。
 - 7. 培养学生热爱大自然、热爱家乡的美好情感。
 - 8. 激发学生学习英语的兴趣,帮助学生树立学好英语的自信心。
 - 9. 培养学生合作交流的能力,满足学生完成任务的成就感和满足感。

Key points:

- 1. 掌握 A、B 部分 "Let's learn", "Let's talk" 中的词汇和句子。
- 2. 能用句型 "Are / Is there ····?" 和 "Yes, there are / is. No, there aren't / isn't." 进行问答练习。

Difficult points:

- 1. There be 句型的一般疑问句形式及其肯定和否定回答。
- 2. A、B 部分"Let's talk"中的内容。

Teaching contents: Unit 6: Part A; Part B; Part C

Lesson periods: 6

Period 1 A Let's learn

No. 34

Teaching material:

A Let's learn; Draw and ask

Teaching objectives:

- 1. 能听、说、读、写单词 "forest", "river", "lake", "mountain"和 "hill"。
- 2. 能在创设的实际情景中灵活运用句型 "Is there a …?", "Yes, there is."。
- 3. 能完成"Draw and ask"部分的绘画和问答任务。
- 4. 引导学生感受自然之美,培养学生热爱大自然的美好情感。

Key points:

- 1. 能听、说、读、写单词 "forest", "river", "lake", "mountain"和 "hill"。
- 2. 能在创设的实际情景中灵活运用句型 "Is there a …?", "Yes, there is."。

Difficult points:

单词"mountain"的发音较难,要带领学生反复操练。

Teaching preparation:

CAI, word cards and tape recorder

Lesson periods: 1

Teaching procedure:

Step 1: Warm-up

- 1. Free talk
- T: Good morning, everyone. How are you today?

Ss: Fine, thank you.

T: Nice to see you again.

Ss: Nice to see you, too.

- 2. 教师播放歌曲 "A photo of me"的录音,全班学生跟着录音大声唱歌曲,然后让学生分男女生比赛唱歌曲,活跃课堂气氛,激发学生的学习热情。
- 3. 教师出示两张图片,一张是城市环境恶劣的图片,另一张是城市井然有序、空气清新的图片,问: "Which picture do you like? Why?"。

教师再出示两张图片,一张是遭受污染的乡村图片,;另一张是环境优美的乡村图片,

问: "Which picture do you like? Why?"

Step2: Presentation

- 1. A. Let's learn
- (1) 教学新单词
- ① 教师用简笔画在黑板上画一棵树,问: "What's this?", 学生回答: "It's a tree.", 然后教师再添加几棵树, 说: "Now it's a forest. Read after me, please. Forest, it's a forest."。
- ② 教师在树旁边画一条小河, 说: "Oh, there is a river. Read after me, please. River, there is a river."。
- ③ 教师在小河旁边画一个湖, 说: "What's beside the river? It's a lake. Read after me, please. Lake, it's a lake."。
- ④ 教师在树的另一边画一座大山和一座小山,说: "Look, there is a mountain and a hill beside the forest.. The big one is the mountain and the small one is the hill."
- ⑤ 教师总结: Look at the blackboard now. There is a nature park. How beautiful! Let's have a look at some nice nature park.
 - ⑥ 教师用多媒体课件出示几幅漂亮的自然公园图片,帮助学生领略自然公园之美。
- (2) 教师带领学生读几遍单词,在领读是要把单词"mountain"的发音读清楚,及时帮助学生纠正错误的发音。
- (3) 教师指着黑板上自然公园中的河流,问: "Is there a river in the park",引导学生回答: "Yes, there is."。
- (4) 教师播放:教学录音,全班学生跟着录音读,提醒学生在跟读的过程中注意模仿录音中的语音、语调。
- (5) 学生同桌合作,利用情景图中提供的信息替换示例对话中的关键词,编写对话, 然后请几位学生上讲台表演。

2. A. Draw and ask

- (1) 学生同桌合作,拿出画笔和画纸,画出一个自然公园图。
- (2) 学生同桌用句型 "Is there a … in front of / beside / behind / … the …?" 进行问答 练习。

Step3: Consolidation & Extension

1. 课堂练习——填入所缺字母, 补全单词:

① r_v_r ② mou_t__n ③ l_k_ ④ f_r_st ⑤ pa__

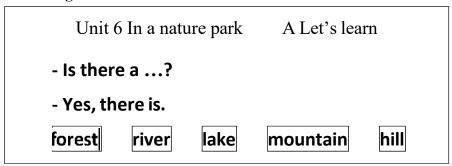
- 2. Check the answer
- ① i, e; ② n, ai; ③ a,e; ④ o,e; ⑤ th
- 3. 教师让学生描述一幅自然公园图片。

范文: This is a picture of a nature park. There is a forest in the park. There are many flowers on the grass. There is a river. There are many fish in the river. The cloud is white. Do you like this park?

Homework:

- 1. 听、认读"Let's learn"部分 15 分钟。
- 2. 跟读"Let's do"部分的录音,然后将录音内容表演给爸爸妈妈看。

Board design:



Teaching reflection:

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