

广州市白云中学 2022 学年度上学期期末测试

高一英语

2023. 01

注意事项:

1. 本试卷分第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)两部分。共 130 分, 考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 答第 I 卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号、考试科目等按要求填涂在选择题答题卡上;答第 II 卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、班别、准考证号、考室号等填写在密封线左边的空格内, 并在答卷右上角填上座位号。
3. 第 I 卷的答案必须答在选择题答题卡上;第 II 卷用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔按各题要求答在答卷相应位置上。
4. 考试结束时, 将选择题答题卡和第 II 卷答卷一并交回, 试卷和草稿纸自己带走。

第一部分阅读理解(共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

I read an interesting article recently about how music played an important role in helping two elders in a nursing home find each other. They were listening to a waltz on the radio and began dancing with each other!

Music is around us all the time — it's on the radio, television, and in movies and commercials (商业广告). Music can soothe you and make you happy or sad. I hear music in grocery stores, in lifts and just about everywhere I go.

I grew up with music. My mom used to do housework listening to the FM radio when it was all classical music. My dad liked the dance bands that included Sammy Kaye, Guy Lombardo, Glenn Miller and Jan Garber. Many of these bands broadcast live on the radio from dancehall in Chicago. My great grandfather, Joseph Bapst, played in a brass band in the 1870s and 80s. My great uncle, George Keller, played the trumpet (小号) in the band, as did my dad and mother. My great aunt taught piano and had a degree in music. So I really didn't have a choice when it came to music and a career. For me, it was music!

My love was marches (进行曲) and band music. American March King John Philip Sousa said that a good march could make a man with a wooden leg get up and march!

In 1948, the Cities Service Band of America went on radio and played a half-hour live band concert every Monday night at 8:30 on NBC. Conductor Paul Lavallo led a band made up of the best musicians in the New York City area. In 1949, I asked my dad to get a television set. He said, “We don’t need one.”

Well, at the end of the 1949 season, the Cities Service Band announced that beginning in September, they were going to appear on television every Monday night. My dad bought a TV the next week! Music has been a great and wonderful part of my life — and it still is.

1. What is “the interesting article” mentioned in the first paragraph about?
 - A. How old people prefer soft music.
 - B. How music help sold people stay fit and happy.
 - C. How old people are sensitive to music.
 - D. How music helps connect people.
2. What does paragraph 3 mainly talk about?
 - A. Why the author loves marches.
 - B. The strong link the author’s family has with music.
 - C. The author’s journey of learning music.
 - D. How the author formed his taste in music.
3. Why did the author’s father buy a TV in the end?
 - A. He earned enough to buy one.
 - B. TVs were becoming trendy.
 - C. He was eager to watch a music show on TV.
 - D. He was repeatedly asked to buy one.
4. What is the author’s main purpose in writing this article?
 - A. To describe his love for music.
 - B. To introduce his family’s most-loved bands.
 - C. To explain the benefits of music.
 - D. To show how music brought his family together.
5. Which can be a suitable title for the text?
 - A. My music, my love
 - B. Loving music at any age
 - C. How music changed my life
 - D. Focusing on the music around you

B

Fruit tea, cakes, flowers, coffee, handicrafts... Step out of your home and head to an outdoor space when night falls, where dozens of cars are decorated with colored lights. All of the things mentioned can be found at the back of the cars, with more goods yet to be

explored.

Since this summer, car trunk fairs (集市) have emerged as trendy activities mainly among young people in cities across China. Drivers open their car trunks and setup stalls (小摊) outside their vehicles, while customers relax nearby in camping chairs, listening to live bands and enjoying the soft summer evening.

After the camping crazes, this is another outdoor activity attracting a great number of participants looking to satisfy their desire to go outside during the COVID-19 pandemic. This time, however, things are slightly different as it is no longer an activity purely for relaxation, but a business opportunity and a way to make a living in a situation where a mass of people have lost their jobs due to the impact of the pandemic.

For the past six months, selling hand-made coffee at car trunk fairs in Xi'an, Shaanxi province has been Li Lei's main way of supporting his family. After he lost his job last year, Li turned to this emerging business. Without much starting cost, he started his coffee stall with a 16-year-old secondhand car at a car trunk fair beside a lake and earned 50 to 2,000 yuan a day.

For customers, car trunk fair is a brand-new, relaxing approach to outdoor socializing. "People don't just come for coffee; they like to sit and talk, often staying into the night," Li said to China Daily. "Someone brings a guitar and an amplifier (扩音器), and after singing a song together, everyone gets to know each other."

In addition, a car trunk fair can be a spreader of popular thoughts and emotions. Zhuang Shenyang, a drink seller at car trunk fairs in Shenzhen, Guangdong province, named his lemon tea stall "A Tea House in Debt (债务)" with self-deprecating (自贬的) humor. "I want to show an attitude that, even though I am in debt, I will never let it be," Zhuang said. He added that, although many people's incomes had been affected by the pandemic, they didn't "lie flat" at home; instead, they work hard to improve their circumstances.

As increasingly popular and life-supporting as it is, the car trunk fair business still has its own problems which need more regulation. For example, hosting sites should be instructed to establish safety, sanitation (卫生), epidemic prevention and other rules to protect the rights and interests of both consumers and stall owners.

6. What do we know about car trunk fairs?

- A. They combine business and fun.
- B. They mainly sell secondhand goods.
- C. They are open round the clock.
- D. They are located in downtown areas.

7. What does Paragraph 3 focus on regarding car trunk fairs?

- A. Their influence. B. Reasons for their popularity.
 C. Their economic values. D. People's attitude toward them.
8. What does a car trunk fair mean to Li?
 A. A new way of socializing. B. A chance to get closer to nature.
 C. A means of making a living. D. An opportunity to realize his dream.
9. Why did Zhuang name his stall "A Tea House in Debt"?
 A. To call for help from other people. B. To attract attention from customers.
 C. To show his displeasure about pandemic. D. To express his positive attitude toward life.
10. What probably will talk about in the next paragraph?
 A. Stall owners need to attract more customers.
 B. Government need to made certain regulations.
 C. Personal safety will be concerned about.
 D. Young generation will create more possibilities.

C

During the COVID-19 pandemic, many people developed new hobbies at home. However, the 17-year-old Benjamin Choi, a high schooler in Virginia, US, began working on an invention that would quickly go beyond the scale of just a "pandemic project". He set out to design and build an affordable robotic, prosthetic (假体的) arm that could be mind-controlled without requiring any brain surgery, reported Smithsonian magazine.

Choi was inspired by a 60-minute video he'd watched in third grade where researchers implanted tiny sensors into a patient's brain, allowing her to move a robotic arm using her thoughts. "I was really amazed but also alarmed that they require this risky open brain surgery."

Choi set out to design an improved version himself. With past experience in programming and robotics, he was able to independently design the first version of his robotic arm using his sister's 3D printer. This initial version worked, using brainwave data and head gestures. The brain wave interpretation algorithm (算法) he had to write from scratch, for which he's now acquired a provisional patent (临时专利权), was still to come.

In October 2020, he received a support in money from poly Spectra, a company that produces durable 3D-printed materials. They helped to produce his arm, moving it out of the prototype (原型) stage and making it working for daily use.

After over 75 designs, Choi's non-invasive, mind-controlled arm is now made from engineering-grade materials. It operates using the algorithm, which is driven by artificial intelligence that interprets a user's brainwaves. The arm remains affordable — it costs under \$300(around 2,000yuan) to make.

Now, the invention has earned him a spot in the top 40 finalists of one of the oldest and most prestigious science and math competitions for US high school seniors. Choi wants to continue to improve his prosthetic arm in the future.

11. What inspired Choi to create a mind-controlled arm?

- A. A brain surgery he read about in a magazine.
- B. A famous science competition.
- C. A video he watched before.
- D. A documentary about tiny sensors.

12. What did he do to create the mind-controlled arm?

- A. He used a small 3D printer sponsored by poly Spectra.
- B. He wrote a brainwave interpretation algorithm himself.
- C. He learned programming and robotics from other experts.
- D. He and his sister designed the first version of the robotic arm.

13. What do we know about the latest version of the prosthetic arm?

- A. A tiny sensor was implanted into it.
- B. Choi wrote a whole new algorithm for it.
- C. It is able to categorize brainwave patterns.
- D. It is made from engineering-grade materials.

14. Which of the following words best describe the mind-controlled arm?

- A. Safe and affordable.
- B. Creative but unstable.
- C. Advanced and complicated.
- D. Unique but expensive.

15. Where is this text most likely from?

- A. A students' blog.
- B. A scientific website.
- C. A natural magazine.
- D. A machine brochure.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to be a better listener

When you are in a conversation with someone and paying attention to what they're saying, that's a sign of caring and respect. 16 Here are some simple things you can do to make that happen.

17

A good listener is attentive. They're focused and paying attention to what the other person is saying. This is called active listening. Active listening involves listening with all your senses. You can assume that if someone keeps looking at their watch or over their shoulder, their focus isn't on the conversation.

Maintain eye contact

When someone is talking, they are usually saying something they consider to be meaningful. They want all eyes on them. Eye contact is very powerful. 18. So make it a point the next time you're in a conversation to maintain eye contact with the speaker.

Ask questions

Asking questions is one of the best ways to show you're interested. If someone is telling you about their ski trip to Mammoth Mountain, don't respond with, "That's nice." 19.

Instead, you can ask, "How long have you been skiing?" "What was your favorite part of the trip?" The person will think more highly of you and consider you a great listener.

Avoid interrupting the speaker

Interrupting is a sign of disrespect. When you interrupt the speaker, they feel frustrated and unimportant. Interrupting a speaker to agree, disagree, argue, etc. also causes the speaker to lose track of what they are saying. 20.

- A. This would show a lack of interest
- B. Be an active listener
- C. Regulate emotional response
- D. Whatever you have to say can wait until the other person is done talking
- E. So it's important for everyone to learn how to be a better listener
- F. It can convey much information without anything being said
- G. Big, open questions encourage the speaker to continue to share

第二部分 语言运用(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 完形填空(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Sam Felstead, 42, suffered a heart attack around 4:30am while sleeping at home. Her 7-year-old cat, Billy, seemingly 21 something was wrong and began jumping on Felstead's chest (胸部) and meowing as 22 as he could.

After 23, she realized that she was not able to move her body and had sharp 24 down her right side, so she called for 25. She was quickly rushed to the Nottingham City Hospital in the early hours of the morning where 26 told her she had a heart attack in her sleep.

"I was a bit 27; I went to bed and I felt fine. I'd even been out with my dogs, and I didn't feel 28 or have any pains," Felstead told the India Times. "29 I woke up in the early hours covered in sweat and couldn't 30. Billy was on my 31 and was meowing loudly in my ear." Felstead believes it is her cat that 32 her life.

"He doesn't 33 sit with me but he knew something was 34 and he wouldn't leave me alone," Felstead told the BBC. Felstead spent three days in the 35. Now after heart treatments, she's back home and working again.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 21. A. showed | B. noticed | C. remembered | D. told |
| 22. A. loud | B. fast | C. kindly | D. clearly |
| 23. A. sitting up | B. looking up | C. standing up | D. waking up |
| 24. A. pain | B. wound | C. fear | D. anxiety |
| 25. A. advice | B. help | C. medicine | D. attention |
| 26. A. doctors | B. patients | C. her neighbor | D. her friend |
| 27. A. worried | B. touched | C. disappointed | D. shocked |
| 28. A. tired | B. ill | C. bored | D. sleepy |
| 29. A. Finally | B. Usually | C. Naturally | D. Suddenly |
| 30. A. see | B. hear | C. breathe | D. move |
| 31. A. legs | B. arms | C. chest | D. head |
| 32. A. cost | B. saved | C. improved | D. brightened |
| 33. A. calmly | B. carefully | C. nervously | D. normally |
| 34. A. wrong | B. funny | C. missing | D. acceptable |

35. A. hospital B. shop C. market D. station

第二节 语法填空(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

A new way of eating: online food delivery services

Few people knew about online food delivery apps ten years ago. But today, many would find it hard to live 36 them. In China alone, over 400 million people use such apps. Over the ten years, online food delivery services 37 (change) the way we eat, and they are also affecting our society.

These services have no doubt brought us many 38 (benefit). They provide jobs for millions of people and help restaurants find more customers. Since the apps are very convenient, they also benefit consumers: we can now have meals delivered at any time of day, despite bad weather or busy schedules. This is especially important for people 39 work long hours, since they might not have time to cook.

40, we must not forget the drawbacks of online food delivery services. For one thing, they make it even 41 (easy) to order unhealthy food, high in sugar, fat and salt. Food safety is another problem: it can be hard to know where the food 42 (actual) comes from, and whether the owner is legally permitted to run a restaurant.

There are many advantages of these services, but we need to make sure that we make the right choices in the long run. We should do our best to limit waste, especially when it comes to 43 (package). We also need to think about what we eat and the effects on our health. Next time you are thinking about ordering in, you should ask 44 (you) whether you really need to. In most cases, it's better to walk over to the supermarket, buy the things you need, and then have 45 try to cook them on your own.

第三部分 写作(共四节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 单词拼写(共 5 小题;每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

根据句子意思和中文提示完成下列句子, 每空只填一个单词。将每一题的答案写在答题卷相应的横线上。

46. The economy has _____ (恢复) to the level before the 1st World War. (根据汉语提示单词拼写)

47. Studies show that people are more likely to _____ (遭受) from back problems if they always sit before computer screens for long hours. (根据汉语提示拼写单词)

48. All you have to do is to change your _____ (态度). (根据汉语提示单词拼写)

49. The host kept _____ (轻敲) his finger to remind the audience to be quiet. (根据汉语提示拼写单词)

50. Be _____ (积极乐观) about your future and get on with living a normal life. (根据汉语提示单词拼写)

第二节 完成句子(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据中文意思,完成下列句子。将每一题的答案写在答题卷相应的横线上。

51. 为了保护野生动物免于灭绝,我们要建立更多的自然保护区。

To _____ the wildlife _____, we should build more nature reserves.

52. 这次比赛不仅为学生提供了展示才艺的平台,而且也为交换生搭建了沟通交流的桥梁。

_____ the competition provide a platform for students to show their talents, but it also builds a bridge of communication for exchange students.

53. 当这些未能取得任何有希望的效果时,屠呦呦就再次查阅中医典籍。

When they failed to produce any promising results, Tu _____ the ancient books of traditional Chinese medicine again.

54. 把你手头上现有的食物分给地震中需要帮助的人。

Give away the food you have _____ and help those _____ in the earthquake.

55. 他们必须是他们那个运动项目上的大师,并且为他人树立了很好的榜样。

They must be athletes who are _____ their sports and also set good _____ others.

第三节 句子翻译(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据括号里的要求,把下列汉语翻译成英语。将每一题的答案写在答题卷相应的横线上。

56. 只有学会和自然和睦共处,我们才不会成为野生生物和地球的威胁。(only引导的倒装句)(汉译英)

57. 受到破坏的道路将会让运送食物和供给变得困难。(汉译英)

58. 我期待看到五彩缤纷的湖泊，壮观迷人的瀑布。(汉译英)

59. 从初中过渡到高中确实是一项巨大的挑战。(汉译英)

60. 然而，花费太多时间上网有损健康，也会让你们很难把精力放在生活中的其他事情上。(汉译英)

第四节 书面表达 共 1 小题;满分 25 分)

61. 假如你是李华，是新华高中的一名学生。近年全球掀起了学汉语的热潮，美国人 Tony 也是汉语爱好者，他在网上招募一名汉语学习顾问，请你给 Tony 写一封应征信。

要点如下：

1. 写信目的；
2. 自我介绍：性格优点、语言优势等；
3. 汉语学习的建议。

注意：

1. 写作词数应为 100 字左右；
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Tony,

I've learned from your post that you are recruiting an adviser to help you learn Chinese.

Yours,

Li Hua

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/018004101002006034>